A STORY OF VIETNAM

By

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Vietnam: country and people
Vietnam: Country and People

The Socialist Republic of Vietnam

The capital: HANOI

91,949,482 people (2013)
331,211.6 Km²
The cold season occurs from November to April and the hot season from May to October. The annual average temperature ranges from 22°C to 27°C.
Vietnam: Country and People

One nation, 54 ethnics

Languages spoken in Vietnam: Vietnamese
Foreign Languages: Chinese, English, French, and Russian.

Kinh (Viet): 86.2 %
Other ethnics: 13.8 %
Vietam: Country and People

January 1st - 3rd (Lunar calendar): New Year

February 3rd: Foundation of the Communist Party of Vietnam

March 10th: The Hùng Kings' Temple Festival

April 30th: Saigon Liberation Day

May 1st: International Labour Day

September 2nd: Independent day
Brief story of Vietnam history
Brief story of Vietnam history

Early kingdoms

Period of Chinese domination

Medieval feudal dynasty

French colonization

Indochina WAR

Vietnam WAR

179 BC

938 AD

1858

1945

1954

1975

Today
Brief story of Vietnam history

-President HO CHI MINH (1890-1969)

-General VO NGUYEN GIAP (1911-2013)

-HO CHI MINH city

-Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum in HANOI

-Vietnam money
The great of Vietnam culture

TRADITIONAL UNIFORM

FOOD AND DRINKS

VIETNAM FRUIT

LANDSCAPE & SCENERY

FESTIVAL IN VIETNAM

VIETNAM FOOD

CULTURE & FESTIVALS

LUNAR NEW YEAR- TET HOLIDAY

FLOWER IN TET HOLIDAY

Traditional Vietnamese wedding
The great of Vietnam culture

Ao dai (long dress) is the essence of the Vietnamese girls

An elegant, yet demure garment
The beauty of women dressed in “ Ao Dai ” always leaves a deep impression on foreign visitors to Vietnam.

An elegant, yet demure garment.
The great of Vietnam culture

Nón lá (Palm-leaf conical hat)

Non la (palm-leaf conical hat) is a traditional symbol of Vietnamese people without age, sex or racial distinctions.
"Ha Long" means "the descending dragon" in English. Recognized by UNESCO as a World Heritage site and a popular travel destination, located in Quang Ninh province, Vietnam.

The bay consists of 1,969 limestone monolithic islands, several of the islands have enormous caves.
HANOI, As a capital of Vietnam with more than 1000 years of history, Hanoi has many cultural and historic sites that attract a lot of tourists nationwide.

HO Chi Minh City, formerly named Saigon, is the largest city in Vietnam
The great of Vietnam culture

FOOD AND DRINKS

Lotus tea: purity and grace

Collection lotus flowers’ bud to make the spectacular scent for the tea
Tết (or New Lunar Year’s Eve) is one of the most significant uniqueness in Vietnamese culture.

Chung Cake, which is symbolized for the earth and prosperity; is an essential specialty to worship ancestors during Têt holiday of Vietnamese.

Made from rice, green bean and pork, the cake is tightly wrapped using special leaves, which only grow on high mountains.
Chung Cake

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The great of Vietnam culture

CULTURE & FESTIVALS
LUNAR NEW YEAR- TET HOLIDAY

Dishes are well-prepared to worship Gods and ancestors in the New Year’s Eve.
During the first days of a new year, people always visit relatives, friends, neighbors, and go to pagodas and temples to pray for luck and prosperity. Adults give each other best wishes, while children are often given “lucky money” as a wish for new year.
Peach blossoms are thought as the sign of prosperity in Northern Vietnam, while Apricot blossoms appear everywhere in the South.
The great of Vietnam culture

**FESTIVAL IN VIETNAM**

- **Hung Kings Commemorations**
- **Buffalo fighting festival**
- **Fisherman**
- **Buffalo racing**
- **Buddha's FESTIVAL**
- **ELIPHANT FESTIVAL**
- **Ethnic mountain festival**

**Traditional sings**
Pho (noodle soup) : The Vietnamese often eat "pho" as a breakfast. The most common variety of "pho" is a beef noodle soup. An amazingly tasty and nutritious noodle soup.
The great of Vietnam culture

VIETNAM FOOD

Bun Cha Vietnamese Grilled Pork
Vietnamese Spring Rolls
Fried Spring rolls

Pork vermicelli
Rice Noodle Soup
Fried Rice Cake
baked rolls
The great of Vietnam culture

**VIETNAM FRUIT**

- Dragon fruit
- Coconut
- Mangosteen
- Custard apple
- Rambutan
- Durian
A story of Vietnam and Japan
A story of Vietnam and Japan

40 years of Vietnam-Japan Relationship

2013
Phan asked Ōkuma Shigenobu (served prime minister of Japan) for financial assistance to fund the activities of Vietnamese revolutionaries. Phan was unsuccessful in procuring aid from the Japanese. The Japanese government did not want to damage its own relationship with France.

He travelled to USA, England, France, Russia…. to approach the political path.
As early as the 16th century, Japanese red seal ships frequented Vietnamese ports (Hoi An).

In the early 17th century, hundreds of Japanese traders were already residing there.

Vietnamese traders bought silver, copper and bronze from Japan in exchange for Vietnamese silk, sugar, spices and sandalwood, which fetched a huge profit back in Japan.

The two countries enjoyed a warm degree of friendship
Shogun Tokugawa Ieyasu exchanged amicable letters and gifts with Lord Nguyen. His son, Lord Nguyễn Phúc Nguyên would marry his daughter, Princess Ngoc Khoa to Araki Shutaro, an eminent Japanese trader.
VIETNAMESE PHRASES

Hi! Konichiwa!
Good morning! Ohaiyo gozaimasu!
Good evening! Kombanwa!
Welcome! Youkoso!
How are you? Ogenki desu ka.
I'm fine, thanks! Okage sama de genkidesu.
And you? Anata wa.
Good/ So-So. ii/mama.
Thank you (very much)! (Doumo) Arigatou gozaimasu.
Good night! Oyasuminasai!
See you later! Mata atode!
Good bye! Sayounara!

Xin chào. Xin chào. Xin chào.
Chào buổi sáng.  Chào buổi tối.  Chào mừng bạn!
Bạn có khỏe không?
Bạn thì sao?
Tốt / cũng tạm tạm.
Cám ơn (rất nhiều).
Chúc ngủ ngon! Gặp lại sau nhé!
Tạm biệt!
Thank you very much!

カンオン ラト ンヒイエウ！
Cám ơn rất nhiều！